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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/531,618	04/14/2005	Kirvin L Hodge	18034-PCTUS	8180
31976 LEWIS J. KRE	7590 11/30/200 CISLER	EXAMINER		
LEGAL DEPARTMENT			WEDDINGTON, KEVIN E	
930 CLOPPER GAITHERSBU	. ROAD JRG, MD 20878		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	-, -,-		1614	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/30/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/531,618	HODGE ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
			1614			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Kevin E. Weddington				
	Period for Reply					
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL. CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
·1)⊠	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 September 2007</u> .					
•	,	action is non-final.				
3)[3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)🖂	Claim(s) 6-22 and 24-29 is/are pending in the	application.	,			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
•	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
	6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.					
,	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)⊠	Claim(s) 6-22 and 24-29 are subject to restrict	tion and/or election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form P1O-152.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	,					
Attachme	nt(s)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D				
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal I				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>10-17-07</u> . 6) Other:						

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Claims 6-22 and 24-29 are presented for examination.

Applicants' information disclosure statement filed October 17, 2007 has been received and entered.

Applicants' election filed September 21, 2007 in response to the restriction requirement of September 20, 2007 has been received and entered. The applicants elected the invention described in claims 19-22 and 24-29 (Group III) with traverse.

Applicants' traverse is deemed persuasive, therefore, all claims will be examined together.

Applicants' response filed May 7, 2007 has been received and entered.

Accordingly, the rejection made under 35 USC 112, first paragraph for lack scope of enablement as set forth in the previous Office action dated November 7, 2006 at pages 2-4 is hereby withdrawn because the applicants' remarks were persuasive.

Accordingly, the rejection made under 35 USC 103 over Sharma et al. (WO 02/100341) in view of Pischel et al. (6,307,080) and Mathieu et al. (5,665,387) as set forth in the previous Office action dated November 7, 2007 at pages 5-8 is hereby withdrawn because the combination of the reference do not teach the instant biologically active agent.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting

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claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 6-22 and 24-29 are again provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 6-22 of copending Application No. 10/533,936; over claims 6-22 of copending Application No. 11/554,586; and over claims 1-66 of copending Application No. 11/535,779 in view of Reiffen et al. (5,604,225), Talley et al. (6,156,781), Mathieu et al. (5,665,387) and griffin (US 2002/0028943). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because of reasons of record as set forth in the previous Office action dated November 7, 2007 at pages 8-11.

Applicants' remarks regarding the obviousness-type double patenting are not persuasive because the applicants at the time could substitute alkyl, hydroxyl and keto with each other with the expectation that the substitution would not

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significantly alter the analogous properties of the compound due to close structural similarity of the compounds.

The rejection made under obviousness-type double patenting is adhered to.
Claims 6-22 and 24-29 are not allowed.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 6-11 and 13-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for treating Type II diabetes, does not reasonably provide enablement for treating gestational diabetes. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

In this regard, the application disclosure and claims have been compared per factors indicated in the decision <u>In re Wands</u>, 8 USPQ2d 1400 (Fed. Cir., 1988) as to undue experimentation.

The factors include:

- 1) the quantity of experimentation necessary
- 2) the amount of direction or guidance provided

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3) the presence or absence of working examples

4) the nature of the invention

5) the state of the art

6) the relative skill of those in the art

7) the predictability of the art and

8) the breadth of the claims

The instant specification fails to provide guidance that would allow the skilled artisan background sufficient to practice that instant invention without resorting to undue experimentation in view of further discussion below.

The nature of the invention, state of the prior art, relative skill of those in the art and the predictability of the art

The claimed invention relates to a method for treating a mammalian subject with a condition selected from the group consisting of insulin resistance syndrome, diabetes, hyperlipidemia, fatty liver disease, cachexia, obesity, atherosclerosis and arteriosclerosis comprising administering to the subject an amount of a biologically active agent of formula I.

The relative skill of those in the art is generally that of a Ph.D. or M.D.

The present invention is unpredictable unless experimentation is shown for the compounds of formula I are effective treating all types of diabetes.

The breadth of the claims

The claims are very broad and inclusive to all type of diabetes such as Type I and gestational diabetes.

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The amount of direction or guidance provided and the presence or absence of working examples

The working examples are limited to the administration of instant compounds of formula I to treat Type II diabetes only.

No examples showing to treat Type I diabetes or gestational diabetes.

The quantity of experimentation necessary

Applicants have failed to provide guidance as to how the other instant compounds of formula I is effective in treating all types of diabetes. Therefore, undue experimentation would be required to practice the invention as it is claimed in its current scope.

Claims 6-11 and 13-18 are not allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin E. Weddington whose telephone number is (571)272-0587. The examiner can normally be reached on 12:30 pm-9:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ardin Marschel can be reached on (571)272-0718. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Kevin E. Weddington Primary Examiner Art Unit 1614

K. Weddington November 27, 2007